## **About the Faculty**



The Faculty of Arts, Charles University, is currently one of the largest and most important research and educational institutions in the arts and humanities in Central Europe. The Faculty was founded in 1348 by the Czech king and later Holy Roman Emperor Charles IV who established it as one of the four faculties of the Prague university,

later named after him Charles University — the oldest university in Central Europe east of France and north of the Alps. Ever since, it has been the intellectual centre of the Czech lands: alumni of the Faculty, their deeds and ideas, have been shaping the Czech society and culture and at the crucial moments of Czech history, the Faculty of Arts has always been at the very heart of the events.

With close to 1,000 staff members, over 7,000 students and a growing international student population of almost 1,000 students from all over the world, the Faculty of Arts is a vibrant and diverse academic environment. Thanks to the flexible system of more than 700 possible double-subject degree combinations, the BA and MA degrees allows the students to focus on two subjects to the same extent, which increases their adaptability and provides them with more opportunities for their future career. The acceptance level is only 27%, which is a prerequisite for a more individual approach, necessary if the humanities are to be taught and studied seriously.



Students and researchers come to the Faculty of Arts to work in more than seventy subjects — a larger number than the majority of comparable institutions in the world can offer. Charles University as such ranks among the top 2% universities in the world and the

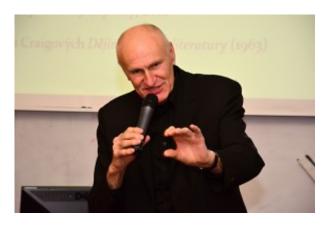
Faculty itself ranks among the first 200 universities in the world in a number of disciplines. The Faculty attracts the most talented students from the Czech Republic and the number of applications for BA, MA and PhD programmes amounts to 10,000 every year.

The remarkably wide range of disciplines at the Faculty of Arts includes philosophy and religious studies; history and archaeology; psychology; sociology and political science; theatre, film and music studies and a number of philological



programmes which combine a rigorous study of a given language and courses in the associated literary, historical and cultural background. The Faculty offers courses in more than a hundred languages, dead and living, such as Albanian, Akkadian, Arabic, Armenian, Avestan, Azerbaijani, Basque, Bengali, Bulgarian, Czech (also special degrees for foreigners and for the deaf), Catalan, Church Slavonic, Chinese, Croatian, Danish, Dutch, English, Eblaite, Ancient Egyptian, Finnish, French, German, Gothic, Greek (ancient and modern), Hebrew (Old Testament and modern), Hindi, Hittite, Hungarian, Icelandic, Italian, Japanese, Korean, Latin, Irish. Lithuanian, Latvian, Lusatian Sorbian, Macedonian, Mongolian, Norwegian, Old Norse, Old Irish, Persian, Polish, Portuguese, Romanian, Russian, Sanskrit, Slovak, Slovenian, Serbian, Spanish, Swedish, Tamil, Tocharian, Tibetan, Turkish,

Ugaritic, Ukrainian, Yiddish and Vietnamese.



The research output of the Faculty, measured in the number of monographs and articles, is larger than that of any other institution in the humanities in the Czech Republic — which reflects both the quality of research and the level of

tutoring. Every year, the Faculty hosts a number of international conferences and events of general cultural significance — exhibitions, concerts, lectures, public debates. In the last few years, the Faculty of Arts publishing house has earned prestigious awards and is now competing with the largest academic publishers in the country.

## Our alumni and former staff members include:

- the Church reformer and philosopher **Jan Hus** (c. 1370—1415), whose thoughts inspired Martin Luther
  - the mathematician, logician and philosopher **Bernard Bolzano** (1781–1848)
  - the linguist **Josef Jungmann** (1773–1847), one of the creators of modern Czech language
- the linguist and orientalist **Bedřich Hrozný** (1879—1952), decipherer of the ancient Hittite language
  - founders and members of the influential Prague Linguistic Circle, such as **Vilém**Mathesius (1882–1945), **Vladimír Skalička** (1909–1991), **Jan Mukařovský** (1891–1975),

    Bohuslav Havránek (1893–1978) and **René Wellek** (1903–1995)
  - the chemist **Jaroslav Heyrovský** (1890—1967), inventor of the polarographic method and recipient of the Nobel Prize in 1959
  - the famous writers Alois Jirásek (1851–1930), Karel Čapek (1890–1938), Ladislav Fuks (1923–1994), Josef Škvorecký (1924–2012) and Michal Ajvaz (1949)
    - the politicians **Milan Rastislav Štefánik** (1880–1919), **Tomáš Garrigue Masaryk** (1850–1937) and **Edvard Beneš** (1884–1948), the latter two became Czechoslovak presidents
  - the sociologist and politician **Alice Masaryková** (1879—1966), founder of social education in Czechoslovakia
    - the art historian and archaeologist Růžena Vacková (1901–1982)
- Jan Patočka (1907—1977), one of the most important Central European philosophers of the twentieth century, student of Martin Heidegger, Edmund Husserl and Eugen Fink
- Jan Palach (1948—1969), student who immolated himself in protest against the Soviet invasion of 1968
- the psychologist **Zdeněk Matějček** (1922—2004), author of ground-breaking studies in children's psychology